

GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND BILL.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 29 March 1893;—*for*,

COPY "of proposed FIFTH SCHEDULE and SIXTH SCHEDULE, PART II."

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

PART ONE.

REGULATIONS as to Establishment of POLICE FORCES and as to the ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY and DUBLIN METROPOLITAN POLICE ceasing to exist.

1. Such local police forces shall be established under such local authorities and for such counties, municipal boroughs, or other larger areas as may be provided by Irish Act.

2. Whenever the Executive Committee of the Privy Council in Ireland certify to the Lord Lieutenant that a police force adequate for local purposes has been established in any area, he shall within six months thereafter direct the Royal Irish Constabulary to be withdrawn from the performance of regular police duties in such area, and such order shall be forthwith carried into effect.

3. Upon any such withdrawal the Lord Lieutenant within six months thereafter shall order measures to be taken for reducing the numbers of the Royal Irish Constabulary to such extent as appears necessary by reason of the said withdrawal, and such order shall be duly executed.

4. Upon the Executive Committee of the Privy Council in Ireland certifying to the Lord Lieutenant that adequate local police forces have been established in every part of Ireland, the Lord Lieutenant shall within six months after such certificate, or if the certificate is given within six years after the appointed day, at such later date before the expiration of those six years, as the Lord Lieutenant as representing Her Majesty thinks expedient, order measures to be taken for causing the whole of the Royal Irish Constabulary to cease to exist as a police force, and such order shall be duly executed.

5. Where the area in which a local police force is established is part of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District, the foregoing regulations shall apply to the Dublin Metropolitan Police in like manner as if it were the Royal Irish Constabulary.

PART TWO.

REGULATIONS as to PENSIONS for OFFICERS and MEN of ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY and of DUBLIN METROPOLITAN POLICE.

As to Officers.

For the purpose of executing the orders of the Lord Lieutenant mentioned in Part One of this Schedule any officer or man of the Royal Irish Constabulary or the Dublin Metropolitan Police, as the case may be, shall, if so required, retire, and upon such retirement there may be awarded to him a pension as follows, that is to say:—

1. If he is an officer, that is to say, the Inspector-General, Assistant Inspector-General, a county inspector, or sub-inspector, he may be awarded—

(a) If he was appointed on or before the tenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, a pension equal to *one-fiftieth* of his annual salary for each completed year of service, with an addition of *ten* years to his actual years of service; and

(b) If he was appointed since the tenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, a pension equal to *one-sixtieth* of his annual salary for each completed year of service, with the addition of *twelve* years to his actual years of service.

Provided that in no case shall the pension exceed the maximum pension which under the existing law could be awarded to the officer if he retired for length of service.

3. Salary shall be calculated and service reckoned in accordance with the Constabulary (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1882.

As to Constables.

4. If he is a constable there may be awarded to him a pension equal to *one-fiftieth* of his annual pay for every completed year of service, with the addition of *ten* years to his actual years of service.

Provided that in no case shall the pension exceed the maximum pension which under the existing law could be awarded to the constable if he retired for length of service.

5. In the case of a constable the amount of the annual pay shall be ascertained at the date of his retirement, and shall be calculated and his service reckoned in manner provided by the Constabulary and Police (Ireland) Act, 1883.

6. In this Schedule the expression "constable" has the same meaning as in the last-mentioned Act, that is to say, it includes head constable, major, head constable, constable, and sub-constable, in the case of the Royal Irish Constabulary, and includes every member of the Dublin Metropolitan Police not being of higher rank than chief superintendent.

Miscellaneous.

7. If any officer or constable enters, with the approval of the Lord Lieutenant, any local police force in Ireland, there may be awarded to him a pension at the rate above mentioned for every year of completed service, with the addition to his actual years of service of such number of years not exceeding the number above-mentioned, as the Lord Lieutenant assigns.

8. The Pensions Commutation Act, 1871, shall apply to persons to whom on retirement a pension is awarded under this Schedule, in like manner as if they had retired from the permanent Civil Service of the Crown in consequence of the abolition of their offices.

9. Where an officer or constable at the time of his retirement would, if he served for a few months more (not exceeding six) complete another year's service, that year shall be reckoned as a completed year of service.

10. The reserve force of the Royal Irish Constabulary shall for the purposes of this Schedule be deemed to be part of that force.

See 45 & 46 Vict.
c. 63.

See 45 & 47 Vict.
c. 14.

46 & 47 Vict. c. 34.

34 & 35 Vict. c. 36.

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COPY of proposed Form Provisions and Rules
BANKERS, Part II

(Mr. John Murphy.)

Printed, by the House of Commons, in St. Martin's,
on March 1896.

[Paper 147.]